Financial Statements **December 31, 2021**



Independent auditor's report

To the Directors of ReForest London

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ReForest London (the Organization) as at December 31, 2021 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

What we have audited

The Organization's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021;
- the statement of fund balances for the year then ended;
- the statement of operations for the year then ended;
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal

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control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

London, Ontario May 6, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2021

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Assets		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents (note 3) Internally restricted – operations reserve Internally restricted – capital reserve Externally restricted – deferred contributions (note 6) Unrestricted Accounts receivable (note 15) Prepaid expenses HST receivable	103,144 32,914 608,275 59,166 179,266 1,366 10,819	92,800 7,799 446,231 12,050 238,510 1,366 45,553
Dronouty promises and equipment (sets 4 and 40)	994,950	844,309
Property, premises and equipment (notes 4 and 10) Intangible assets (note 5)	1,007,879 43,738	1,017,158 16,371
intaligible assets (fible 5)	2,046,567	1,877,838
Liabilities	2,010,001	1,017,000
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 12) Deferred contributions (note 6) Current portion of deferred capital contributions (note 7) Current portion of long-term debt (note 10)	72,858 608,275 64,414 34,913 780,460	102,865 446,231 49,391 33,214 631,701
Deferred capital contributions (note 7)	885,422	939,619
Long-term debt (note 10)	137,844	150,681
	1,803,726	1,722,001
Fund balances Operating fund Operations reserve fund – internally restricted (note 8) Capital reserve fund – internally restricted (note 8)	106,783 103,144 32,914	55,238 92,800 7,799
	242,841	155,837
	2,046,567	1,877,838
Approved by the Board of Directors		
Director		Director

Statement of Fund Balances

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Operating fund \$	Operations reserve fund \$	Capital reserve fund \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance – Beginning of year	55,238	92,800	7,799	155,837	128,320
Excess of revenue over expenses	87,004	-	-	87,004	27,517
Internally imposed restrictions (note 8)	(35,459)	10,344	25,115	-	
Balance – End of year	106,783	103,144	32,914	242,841	155,837

Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue Grants (note 11) Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (note 15) Corporate and other funding Donations In-kind donations Rental income Planting services Endowment income (note 9) Other income Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 7)	491,238 194,596 91,168 56,220 19,913 83,634 20,748 9,300 25,112 64,414	410,518 221,102 76,532 57,960 38,037 83,401 364 8,300 -
	1,056,343	945,585
Expenses Payroll Trees and plant materials Amortization expense Sub-contractor services Facilities Professional services Operations Other Other project related expenses Project supplies and equipment Travel	557,184 83,692 64,414 55,039 52,129 47,432 41,038 28,477 22,041 17,249 644	406,585 75,662 49,371 115,770 67,367 92,405 38,751 35,466 19,726 15,053 1,912
	969,339	918,068
Excess of revenue over expenses	87,004	27,517

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Excess of revenue over expenses Items not affecting cash	87,004	27,517
Amortization expense Amortization of deferred capital contributions	64,414 (64,414)	49,371 (49,371)
Change in non-cash working capital	87,004	27,517
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	59,244	(180,848) 304
HST receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions	34,734 (30,007) 162,044	(23,818) 80,457 34,463
	313,019	(61,925)
Financing activities Deferred capital contributions received Payments on long-term debt Proceeds on long-term debt	25,240 (31,138) 20,000	306,000 (31,105) 40,000
	14,102	314,895
Investing activities Purchases of intangible assets and property, premises and equipment	(82,502)	(350,519)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	244,619	(97,549)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year	558,880	656,429
Cash and cash equivalents – End of year	803,499	558,880

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

1 Purpose of the Organization

ReForest London (the Organization) is a charitable organization consisting of volunteers and staff whose purpose is to plant trees and shrubs within the City of London in schoolyards, parks and natural areas, and to educate residents about the value of trees and how to plant and care for trees.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO). The significant accounting policies are outlined below.

Fund accounting

All financial transactions have been recorded in two funds: operating fund and reserve fund. The operating fund includes all revenues and expenses of the ongoing activities of the Organization.

The reserve fund has been setup by the Board of Directors (Board) to internally restrict portions of the operating fund for specific purposes.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which includes donations and grants.

Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in the subsequent period.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are recognized.

Endowment contributions received on the Organization's externally held endowments are recognized as revenue in the period they are received.

Deferred capital contributions restricted for the purchase of property, premises and equipment are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related property, premises and equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

Contributed services and goods

Contributed services and goods are recorded at the fair value if fair value can be reasonably estimated and reliably determined. Contributed goods and services related to operational activities for the current year are recorded as in-kind donations in the statement of operations. Contributed property, premises and equipment are capitalized and amortized into expenses on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Volunteers contribute many hours each year to assist the Organization in carrying out its service delivery activities. Volunteer services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term, highly liquid investments.

Property, premises and equipment

The Organization applies Section 4433: Tangible Capital Assets Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations. Tangible property, premises and equipment are recorded at cost. The Organization provides for amortization using the straight-line method at rates designed to amortize the cost of the property, premises and equipment over their estimated useful lives. Amortization is provided over the following periods:

Communication and office equipment	10 years
Vehicles	10 years
Parking lots	20 years
Geothermal	15 years
Site and building services	50 years
Building interiors	10 years
Building structure	50 years
Furniture	10 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets consist of the Organization's website, with amortization provided over the estimated useful life of five years straight-line. Internally generated intangible assets are recognized when the expenses are incurred in the development phase.

Income taxes

The Organization is registered as a charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada), and as such it is exempt from income taxes under section 149(1)(f).

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date, as well as revenue and expenses for the year. Accounts specifically affected include the useful lives of property, premises and equipment and the amortization of deferred capital contributions. The Organization regularly assesses these estimates and, while actual results may differ, management believes that the estimates are reasonable.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write down is based on the asset's replacement cost and any subsequent reversals are recognized in the statement of operations.

3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents contain items internally restricted to meet the committed cash needs of the Organization. These amounts have been restricted by the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

4 Property, premises and equipment

			2021
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Communication and office equipment Vehicles Parking lots Geothermal Site and building services Building interiors Building structure Property Construction in progress Furniture	18,746 9,500 237,373 37,131 375,565 292,818 143,910 10 17,331 8,222	4,562 3,325 29,640 8,662 21,189 59,457 4,659	14,184 6,175 207,733 28,469 354,376 233,361 139,251 10 17,331 6,989
	1,140,606	132,727	1,007,879
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization	2020 Net \$
Communication and office equipment Vehicles Parking lots Geothermal Site and building services Building interiors Building structure Property Furniture	17,044 9,500 237,047 37,130 357,107 292,818 133,677 10 8,222	2,772 2,375 17,759 6,188 13,862 30,175 1,855	14,272 7,125 219,288 30,942 343,245 262,643 131,822 10 7,811
	1,092,555	75,397	1,017,158

Portions of the property are used for leasing purposes.

Included within amortization expense are amounts related to property, premises and equipment of \$57,331 (2020 – \$47,552).

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

5 Intangible assets

			2021
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$
Website	52,640	8,902	43,738
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization	2020 Net \$
Website	18,190	1,819	16,371

Included within amortization expense are amounts related to intangible assets of \$7,083 (2020 - \$1,819).

6 Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent unspent cash and cash equivalents externally restricted for specific projects that are related to a subsequent period. The deferred contributions balance comprises the following:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Tree Growing Programs	26,095	26,565
Neighbourhood ReLeaf	16,335	1,000
Westminster Ponds Centre	235,469	221,976
Capital assets not yet purchased	240,338	178,440
Park Naturalizations	19,600	14,250
Other	70,438	4,000
	608,275	446,231

The balance of restricted cash in accordance with specific agreements is \$608,275 (2020 - \$446,231).

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

7 Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of donations and grants received for the Westminster Ponds project related to amounts spent on property, premises and equipment. The amortization of deferred capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations over the period corresponding with the amortization of the related property, premises and equipment.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance – Beginning of year	989,010	732,381
Less: Amortization of deferred capital contributions Add: Deferred capital contributions received and spent during the	(64,414)	(49,371)
year	25,240	306,000
Balance – End of year	949,836	989,010

The deferred capital contributions balance above includes a current portion of deferred capital contributions of \$64,414 (2020 - \$49,371).

8 Restrictions on fund balances

During the year, the Organization's Board of Directors internally restricted 10,344 (2020 - 8,300) of the operating fund to be transferred to the operations reserve fund. In addition, the Organization's Board set up a capital reserve fund and internally restricted 25,115 (2020 - 7,799) of the operating fund to be transferred into the capital reserve fund. These internally restricted amounts are not available for other purposes without approval from the Board.

9 Endowment fund

The Organization has established an externally held endowment fund at the London Community Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation will hold the donations received in perpetuity, and accordingly the Organization does not record the assets on these financial statements. The Foundation may capitalize a portion of the endowment's return in accordance with the Foundation's capital preservation policy. The Foundation will make disbursements from the endowment to the Organization in accordance with the Foundation's disbursement policy, which states disbursements will occur when the value of the endowment exceeds the original contributed capital plus any capitalized portion. As at December 31, 2021, the fund balance was \$281,989 (2020 - \$262,794) and the Organization earned \$9,300 (2020 - \$8,300) of endowment income during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

10 Long-term debt

	2021 \$	2020 \$
VERGE Capital Breakthrough fund loan, with blended monthly payments of \$3,302, bearing interest at 5%, due December 5, 2024 Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) loan, bearing interest at	112,757	143,895
nil%, due December 31, 2023	60,000	40,000
Less: Current portion	172,757 34,913	183,895 33,214
	137,844	150,681

During the year, a CEBA loan of \$20,000 was received, which is forgivable up to 33% if it is repaid on or before December 31, 2023.

Security for the VERGE loan consists of:

- A collateral charge with a maximum interest rate of 5% per annum to be registered against lands and premises located at 900, 918, 930 and 944 Western Counties Road, London, Ontario, in the amount of \$175,000; and
- An assignment of rental income in the event of default.

Principal payments required in the next three years and thereafter is as follows:

	\$
2022 2023 2024 and thereafter	34,913 96,699 41,145
	172,757

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021

11 Economic dependence

The Organization is economically dependent on its largest donors for a significant portion of its grant revenue.

	2021 %	2020 %
City of London	39	39
ECO Canada	15	14
London Community Foundation	13	6
Ontario Trillium Foundation	15	31
Other	18	10
	100	100

12 Government remittances payable

As at December 31, 2021, outstanding statutory remittances included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities were \$nil (2020 – \$nil).

13 Financial instruments

Financial instruments mainly comprise accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is not exposed to interest rate risk on its long-term debt since the interest rate is fixed.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization is exposed to this risk through its carrying amount of cash and accounts receivables. Cash is held with a reputable financial institution, which mitigates any potential credit risk. The Organization measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the receivable amounts have been outstanding. No accounts receivable are in arrears.

Notes to Financial Statements **December 31, 2021**

Market risk

Market risk is the risk the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Organization is not exposed to market risk as cash and cash equivalents represent cash balances in the bank and Government of Canada guaranteed investment certificates.

14 Contingencies

The Organization is subject to various legal actions and proceedings that arise in the normal course of business. While the final outcome of such actions and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that the resolution of such actions and proceedings will not have a material impact on the Organization's financial position or results of operations. No accruals for legal matters have been made in the statement of financial position.

15 COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization characterized the COVID-19 virus as a global pandemic. This has resulted in limited ability to run programming and tree planting activities. During the year, the Organization applied for \$194,596 (2020 - \$221,102) of the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy, of which \$46,271 (2020 - \$128,648) is receivable as at December 31, 2021. In addition, a CEBA loan of \$20,000 (2020 - \$40,000) was received, as detailed in note 10.

The full financial impact of the continued effects of COVID-19 are not determinable at this time.